

1. How to use the MakerCards

On the front of the card, there is a description of something you can do with App Inventor.

The back of the card tells you what components and blocks to use, and an example of code.

Card 1: How to use the MakerCards

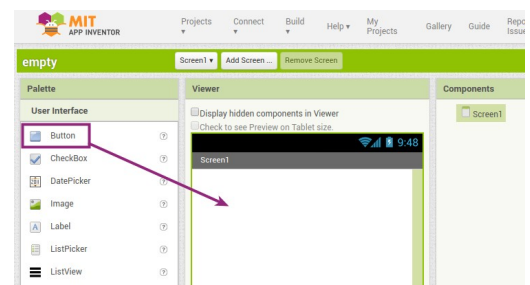
Go to

<http://appinventor.mit.edu> and

Create apps!

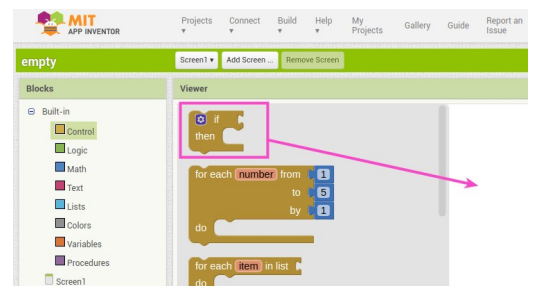
(you need a Gmail account).

Click the category and drag the components to the viewer.



Click the Blocks button in the top right.

Click a drawer name and drag the blocks together.



Connect to your Android device to test out your project (see MakerCard 2)

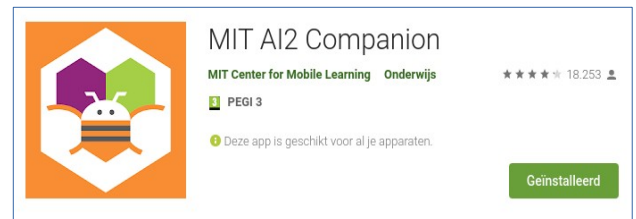
2. Connect to the Phone/Tablet

You can download the App Inventor Companion App to your Android phone or tablet to test out your App Inventor projects.

Card 2: Connect to the Phone/Tablet

Go to the Play store and search for App Inventor Companion.

Download for free, Install, and Open.



Choose “scan QR code” (this will bring up the camera).

The code will be provided on your App Inventor page.

Connect to App Inventor Companion App
(see MakerCard 11)

3. Text to Speech

Make your phone speak to you!

When you shake your phone, you can make your phone shake too.

Type a phrase in a text box.

Then press a button, and use the **TextToSpeech** component to let the phone speak the text that was typed.

Card 3: Text to Speech

Drag these components on the viewer:

User interface:  Button  TextBox

Media:  TextToSpeech

Click the Blocks button and snap these blocks together.



When the button is clicked, the phone will say the text inside of the textbox.

4. Shake it


When you shake your phone, you can make your phone shake too.

Use the **Accelerometer Sensor** to detect when the user shakes the phone.

Use the **Sound** component to vibrate the phone.

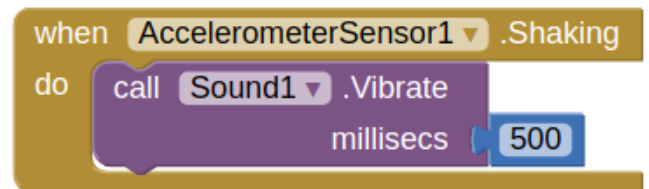
Card 4: Shake it

Drag these components on the viewer:

Sensors:  AccelerometerSensor

Media:  Sound

Click the **Blocks** button and snap these blocks together.



When the user shakes the phone, the sound component vibrates the phone for **500** milliseconds.



5. Speech Recognition


Want your phone to write down what you say?

Click a button and use the Speech Recognizer component to get what you say, then display it as text in a label.

Card 5: Speech Recognition

Drag these components on the viewer:

User Interface:  Button  Label

Media:  SpeechRecognizer

Click the Blocks button and snap these blocks together.

```
when Button1.Click
do call SpeechRecognizer1.GetText

when SpeechRecognizer1.AfterGettingText
result
do set Label1.Text to SpeechRecognizer1.Result
```

When the button is clicked, the Speech Recognizer starts listening.

When its finished listening, the text is shown in the label.

6. Drawing


Draw pictures with your finger!


An easy way to do this is to detect when a finger is dragged on the canvas, and draw a line from the old finger position to the new one.

Add a button to clear the canvas so you can make a new drawing.

Card 6: Drawing

Drag these components on the viewer:

User Interface:  Button

Drawing and animation:  Canvas
(Height: Fill parent – Width: Fill parent)

Click the Blocks button and snap these blocks together.

```
when Button1.Click
do call Canvas1.Clear

when Canvas1.Dragged
startX  startY  prevX  prevY  currentX  currentY  draggedAnySprite
do call Canvas1.DrawLine
    x1  get prevX
    y1  get prevY
    x2  get currentX
    y2  get currentY
```

7. Fling a Ball

Play ball on your phone!

Use a finger on your phone to swipe a ball and have the ball move in that direction. When a user flings their finger on a Canvas, the heading and the speed of a ball on the canvas can be set to the heading and speed of the user's finger.

Card 7: Fling a ball

Drag these components on the viewer:

Drawing and Animation:



Canvas Height: Fill parent

Canvas Width: Fill parent

Place Ball on top of Canvas

Click the Blocks button and snap these blocks together.

```
when Canvas1 .Fling
do
  set Ball1 . Heading to get heading
  set Ball1 . Speed to get speed
```

When the user flings the canvas, the ball's heading and speed are set to the finger's heading and speed.

8. Tilt to Move

Make a ball move around as you tilt your phone.



As you tilt the phone, the ball will “roll” in that direction. The steeper the tilt, the faster the ball will “roll”.

It does this by updating the ball’s heading and speed every second to match the angle and magnitude from the Orientation Sensor.

Card 8: Tilt to Move

Drag these components on the viewer:



Drawing and Animation:

 Canvas  Ball

Canvas Height: Fill parent

Canvas Width: Fill parent

Place Ball on top of Canvas

Sensors:  OrientationSensor  Clock

Click the Blocks button and

```
when Clock1.Timer
do
  set Ball1.Heading to OrientationSensor1.Angle
  set Ball1.Speed to OrientationSensor1.Magnitude * 100
```

When the Timer fires, the ball’s heading and speed are set to the angle and magnitude of the Orientation Sensor.

9. Take a Picture

Take pictures of your friends inside of your app.

Click a button to take a picture using the Camera component.

After the picture is taken, change the background of the screen to be the picture.

Card 9: Take a Picture

Drag these components on the viewer:

User Interface:  Button

Media:  Camera

Click the Blocks button and snap these blocks together.

```
when Button1.Click
do call Camera1.TakePicture

when Camera1.AfterPicture
image
do set Screen1.BackgroundImage to get image
```

When the user clicks Button1, the user can take a picture. After the picture is taken, it becomes the background image for Screen1.

10. Make a Video

Record a video in your app.

Click a button to start recording a video using the Camcorder component.

After you're finished, put the video in a Video Player component, and press a button to watch the video.

Card 10: Make a Video

Drag these components on the viewer:

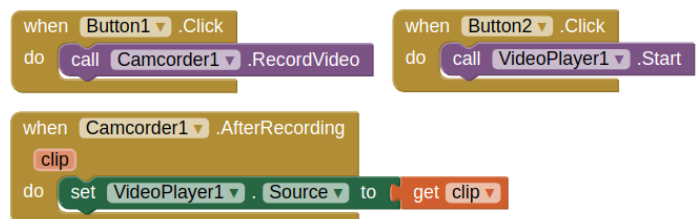
User Interface:  Button 2x

Media:  Camcorder  VideoPlayer

VideoPlayer Height: 400 px

VideoPlayer Width: 400 px

Click the Blocks button and snap these blocks together.



```
when Button1.Click do call Camcorder1.RecordVideo
when Button2.Click do call VideoPlayer1.Start
when Camcorder1.AfterRecording clip
do set VideoPlayer1.Source to get clip
```

When the user clicks Button1, the video recording starts. After the recording is finished, the video is put in the video player. When the user clicks Button2, the video plays.

11. Install your App on the Phone/Tablet

Use the App Inventor Companion App on your Android phone or tablet to install your App Inventor projects as real apps.

Card 11: Install your App

Allow Unknown Sources on your Phone.

You need to allow apps that are not in the Google Play store to be installed on your Android device. How to do that is different for every phone. Use the instructions for your phone.

Install the App using the App Inventor Companion app on the phone. (See Card 2) Go to your App Inventor page and open the completed Project.

Click "Build" and select "App (Provide QR code for .apk)". When the app is built, scan the QR code with the phone. Follow the instructions on your phone to install the app.

12. Backpack

Use the Backpack to copy code.



Card 12: Use the Backpack

Use existing code as a starting point for new code. To copy code you need to use the App Inventor Backpack, found in the upper right corner of the Blocks screen.

Drag the code into the Backpack. The appearance of the icon will change to a full backpack. The code will still exist in the original program.

Copy in as much code as you like.

Move to the new Project or Screen. Click on the Backpack to open it. Pull the desired code out onto your screen.

The Backpack will not be cleared when you log out of App Inventor.